Region Skåne

Camilla Greiff, project manager

















- Future methods against the negative effects of coastal erosion
- Testing new, nature-based methods in the same place
- A combination of erosion and flood protection measures
- Strengthening the coastal biodiversity ecosystem
- An integrated, multifunctional approach on land, in the sea and in the transition zone

















- Confirmed and started June 15, 2018
- Extended 1 year, 2023
- 6 associate beneficiaries: Lund University, CAB, SALA, municipalities of Helsingborg, Lomma and Ystad
- Region Skåne, coordinating beneficiary

















- CAB, SALA and Region Skåne started the process to apply for the LIFE project in 2014
- In 2017, application turned in, denied; turned in a second time, denied;
 third time confirmed
- Hard work; not all agreed on pushing it. CAB took a step out. When confirmed, a new project manager, ie me, was assigned.















- in a context

- In 2018, Regional Coastal Cooperation was founded
 - CAB in Skåne and Halland, two of the southernmost counties in Sweden with long coastal stretches
 - SGI and SGU
- The Erosion Damage Center was founded in 1994; today, 22 municipalities and 2 County Administrative Boards are members;















- in a context

- 16 coastal municipalities in Skåne
- Helsingborg, Lomma and Ystad mature in the field of NBS
- Since the start, more municipalities are showing interest and cooperation schemes are started
- A tangible interest among the public and by media



















- from my experience as the implementing project manager:
- 1. The application needs to be very accurate and elaborate.
- 2. The driver of the application must ensure sufficient human resources.
- 3. Roles and responsibilities need to be clear and formulated from the beginning.
- 4. Any ambiguities need to be addressed.













